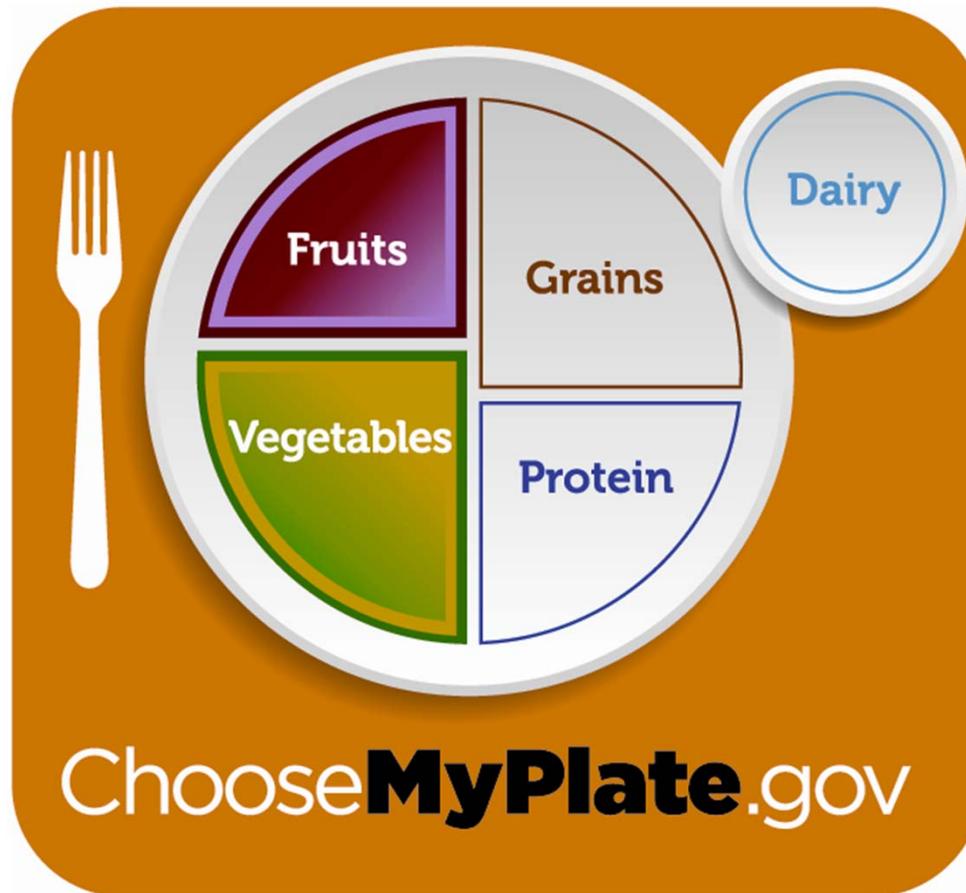

The Wonderful World of Fresh Fruits and Vegetables

What's So Special About Our Industry?

We're the key to good health!



But also great taste!



USDA Outlook Forum – February 24, 2017

UNITED  FRESH
PRODUCE ASSOCIATION

And convenience!



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What's not to like?

Good Health

Great Taste

Amazing Convenience

- *But there are some warning signs for the future
– labor, food safety, food competition . .*

Today's Discussion

1. About United Fresh
2. Snapshot of fruits and vegetables in U.S. food supply today
3. Potential challenges to future growth
4. Some reasons for optimism

A United Fresh Update

- We bring together the total produce industry supply chain
 - Growers, wholesalers, fresh processors, distributors, retailers, restaurants, service providers, allied associations
- 1,500 companies; 10,000 individuals
 - More than 100 commodity boards; local, regional, national, international associations
 - Members in every state, 25 countries
 - 300 volunteers on boards, councils

Our Mission

- 1. Bringing supply chain partners together** to grow your businesses
- 2. Developing solutions** for companies to address complex issues
- 3. Providing training** to enhance your team's skills, leadership
- 4. Shaping government policy** that affects our industry
- 5. Growing fresh produce consumption** for long-term success

Now, On To That Industry Snapshot ...

Data From USDA Agriculture Census

U.S. Fruit & Veg Production

- 230,755 farms (10.9%)
- 9.8 million acres (1.1%)
 - 7.5 million irrigated acres (76.5%)
- \$57.2 billion market value (14.5%)
 - 27% of all crop value

Crop Comparison

Commodity	Market Value	Acreage
Corn	\$67.2 billion	94.5 million
Soybean	\$38.7 billion	76.1 million
Fruits, Berries, Tree Nuts	\$25.9 billion	5.5 million
Vegetables, Melon, Potato	\$16.9 billion	4.2 million
Wheat	\$15.8 billion	49.0 million
Rice	\$2.9 billion	2.7 million

Ownership of F&V Farms

Ownership	Number of Farms	Percent of Farms
Family	197,652	79.8%
Partnership	22,544	9.1%
Family Owned Corporation	21,110	8.5%
Cooperative	3,589	1.4%
Non-Family Corporation	2,877	1.2%

Size of F&V Farms

Acreage	Number of Farms	Percent of Farms	Market Value (\$billions)	Percent of Market Value
<100	178,028	71.9%	\$10.5	17.6%
100-1,000	54,866	22.1%	\$20.9	34.9%
>1,000	14,878	6.0%	\$28.4	47.5%

Concentration of F&V Farms

- Concentration by geographic region
 - Varies somewhat by commodity
 - **California is still king**

3 CA Counties Exceed 47 States

	Fruits	Vegetables	Total
Fresno	\$2.5 billion	\$727 million	\$3.2 billion
Kern	\$2.5 billion	\$415 million	\$2.9 billion
Monterey	\$1.1 billion	\$1.7 billion	\$2.8 billion

Fruits, Nuts and Berries

State	Market Value	Percent of US Market Value
1. California	\$17.6 billion	67.9%
2. Washington	\$2.9 billion	11.2%
3. Florida	\$1.8 billion	6.9%
4. Oregon	\$517 million	2.0%
5. New York	\$308 million	1.2%
6. Georgia	\$308 million	1.2%
7. Michigan	\$257 million	1.0%
8. Texas	\$252 million	1.0%
9. Wisconsin	\$219 million	0.8%
10. Pennsylvania	\$160 million	0.6%
Top 10 States	\$24.3 billion	93.9%

Vegetables, Melon, Potatoes

State	Market Value	Percent of US Market Value
1. California	\$6.3 billion	37.5%
2. Florida	\$1.3 billion	7.7%
3. Washington	\$1.1 billion	6.5%
4. Idaho	\$968 million	5.8%
5. Arizona	\$764 million	4.5%
6. Wisconsin	\$555 million	3.3%
7. Oregon	\$492 million	2.9%
8. Texas	\$474 million	2.8%
9. Michigan	\$463 million	2.7%
10. Georgia	\$412 million	2.4%
Top 10 States	\$ 12.8 billion	80.0%

Import Share of Consumption

	1980	1990	2000	2010
All fresh fruit	26.7%	34.9%	42.4%	48.8%
All fresh vegetables	8.0%	10.3%	13.2%	24.5%
Avocados	2.2%	13.2%	48.9%	79.7%
Grapes	13.6%	37.0%	45.2%	50.3%
Melon	10.3%	15.5%	25.1%	28.9%
Asparagus	10.8%	29.8%	59.0%	89.1%
Garlic	12.5%	17.4%	29.0%	59.5%
Tomatoes	22.3%	20.5%	30.0%	52.3%

Source of Fruit and Veg Imports

	2012 Value	Percentage
Mexico	\$7.0 billion	51.3%
Chile	\$1.2 billion	8.8%
Canada	\$1.2 billion	8.8%
Guatemala	\$923 million	6.8%
Costa Rica	\$920 million	6.7%
Ecuador	\$449 million	3.3%
Peru	\$448 million	3.3%
Honduras	\$258 million	1.9%
Columbia	\$246 million	1.8%
Rest of World	\$996 million	7.3%

Dollar Growth in Exports

	2000	2005	2010	2013
All fresh fruit	\$2.1 billion	\$2.7 billion	\$4.0 billion	\$5.0 billion
All fresh vegetables	\$1.2 billion	\$1.5 billion	\$2.1 billion	\$2.4 billion

Per Capita Consumption (Lbs)

	1980	1990	2000	2013	% Change
All Fresh Vegetables	113.0	147.1	174.5	169.8	50.3%
All Fresh Fruit	88.4	92.0	101.2	110.5	25.0%
Broccoli	1.4	3.4	5.9	6.8	386%
Strawberries	2.0	3.2	4.9	7.9	295%
Bell Pepper	2.9	5.9	8.2	10.3	255%
Grapefruit	7.3	4.4	5.0	2.8	-62%
Peach/Nectarine	7.1	5.5	5.3	3.1	-56%
Head Lettuce	25.6	27.8	23.5	12.5	-51%

Fresh vs. Processed (Lbs)

	1980	1990	2000	2012	% Change
Fresh Fruit	106.5	117.0	128.8	131.0	23.0%
Processed Fruit	159.3	141.0	158.0	113.7	-28.6%
Fresh Vegetables	151.8	176.4	200.8	191.7	26.3%
Processed Vegetables	186.2	214.8	223.5	203.2	9.1%

Per Capita Consumption (Lbs)

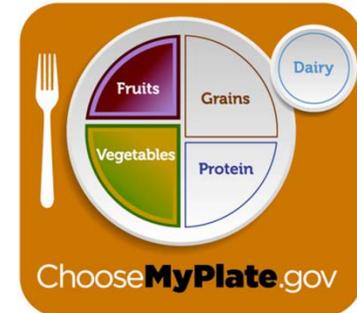
	30-Year Trend Percent Change
All Fresh Vegetables	50.3%
All Fresh Fruit	25.0%
Seafood	22.0%
Meat & Poultry	4.0%

Where From Here?

Can we continue – and accelerate – the trend to increasing fresh fruit and vegetable consumption?

What would half a plate mean?

- Americans consume less than half of recommended levels
- If you could snap your fingers
 - Save tens of billions in healthcare costs
 - Cut the childhood obesity epidemic, early onset of diabetes and other illnesses
 - Reduce chronic diseases such as cancer, heart disease, hypertension
 - Have an unbelievable impact on our industry



But there are warning signs

- Labor availability
- Misinformation on food safety
- Competitive foods pushback
- International trade dynamics

Labor Availability

- US labor availability
 - We're highly labor-intensive industry
 - 75% workforce likely falsely documented
 - And, we're even losing those workers
 - To other industries
 - To demographics and enforcement
 - With no replenishment of workers
- US immigration reform is needed now!
- Labor practices will also matter

Food Safety Misinformation

- Fresh produce is extraordinarily safe
 - Over 1 billion servings a day, without incident
 - Incidence of illness is rare, but will be increasingly visible, from new sources
- But, we grow produce outside in nature, not in manufacturing plants
 - Cannot control every possible risk
 - No “kill step” that cooks produce
- Public perception still expects zero risk

Competitive Foods Pushback

- Fresh produce is finally competing for real dollar share
- Competitors are pushing back hard
 - Certain food sectors are opposing health standards in nutrition and feeding programs
 - Processed food interests marketing aggressively against fresh foods
 - Meat industry is challenging government promotion of fruits and vegetables

International Trade Challenges

- Trade is a dynamic issue for the fruit and vegetable industry in the United States
- U.S. consumer/retail demand for year-round product has required U.S. producers to invest/partner in operations in other parts of the world.
- For the produce industry, trade affects commodities/regions differently
 - Export markets remain a key for many commodities
 - Others are import sensitive, with many members adverse to competition

Three Reasons for Optimism

1. Childhood obesity crisis has galvanized understanding of health consequences
 - In a way that long-term chronic disease did not
2. Industry innovation is exploding
 - In new product development
 - In expanding sales channels
 - In supply chain technology from field to table
3. We're focused on changing the world for the next generation, not one person at a time

Obesity Crisis Has Our Attention

- Today's children may be the first generation with a shorter life expectancy than their parents
- Health care costs related to obesity top \$150 billion every year
 - Childhood obesity accelerates cost impact
- Increasing fruit and vegetable consumption is no longer just our business goal
 - *It's critical to the nation's health, physically and financially*

Innovation in Product Development

- Growth in consumption will come from new products, not commodity yields
- New varieties with enhanced consumer attributes, quality, taste, nutrition
- Fresh-cut, convenience, value-added
- Who's next?
 - Bagged salads, baby carrots, sliced apples transformed these commodities

Innovation in Sales Channels

- Fresh convenience is driving the market
 - Supermarkets must become “fresh”
 - Convenience channel, small footprint stores
 - Online, delivery, new food channels
- Health and wellness snacking needs
 - School foodservice and vending
 - Institutional settings from hospitals and universities to corporate business settings



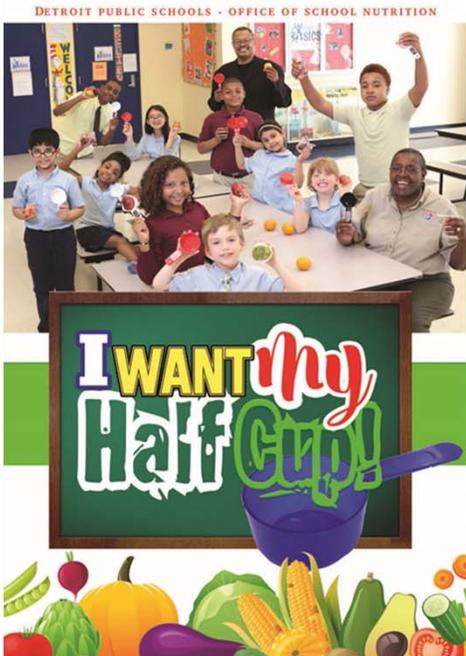
Innovation in Supply Chain

- Production
 - Mechanization and labor saving tools
 - Greenhouse, protected agriculture
 - Food safety solutions
- Distribution
 - Freshness is the most critical element in delivering positive eating experience
 - Quality control throughout the cold chain is the key

We're Changing the Way Kids Eat

- Increasing produce consumption requires policy and environmental change
 - We can't just work to change one person's eating habits; we must change millions
 - Increasing access, availability of high-quality, great-tasting fresh fruits and vegetables
 - Schools have become a primary intervention point to change lifestyle
- Kids will **choose** fresh produce with early access and exposure

Child Nutrition Programs



FRESH
FRUIT &
VEGETABLE
PROGRAM



***Thank you for the
opportunity!***
